BA 1187
BROOKLANDVILLE RAILROAD STATION
John A. Hatfield
Falls Road
Brooklandville, Md. 21022
private

This is an excellent example of late nineteenth century railroad design, a building type constantly threatened with destruction. It is one of two structures which are the only obvious vestages of an important part of the Green Spring Valley - The Green Spring Branch of the railroad. The building has been successfully adapted to use as a private residence.

## MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

## INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

MAGI# 0311872619

| VILLE RAILROAD STAT                              | I DN   |   |                                       |  |
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| w  | 1011   |   |                                       |  |
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|  | VICINITY OF  |   |                                       |  |
| ATTTE —  | VICINITY OF  | COUNTY  |                                       |  |
|  |  |   |                                       |  |
| ΓΙΟΝ   |  |   |                                       |  |
| OWNERSHIP  | STATUS   | PRES  | ENT USE                               |  |
| _PUBLIC  | X_OCCUPIED   | AGRICULTURE   | MUSEUM                                |  |
|  | UNOCCUPIED   |   | PARK                                  |  |
|  |  |   | X_PRIVATE RESIDEN                     |  |
|  |  |   | SCIENTIFIC                            |  |
|  |  | INDUSTRIAL  | TRANSPORTATIO                         |  |
|  |  | MILITARY  | OTHER:                                |  |
| Hatfield<br>ad                                   |  | •   | 28-1448                               |  |
| dville   | VICINITY OF  | state, <b>z</b><br>Marylan  | ip code                               |  |
|  | VICINITY OF  | Parylan   | d RIURE                               |  |
| STITE AT DECOR                                   | IP I I UN  | Tiber H. FFO  |                                       |  |
| OF LEGAL DESCR                                   |  | Liber #: 5596   |                                       |  |
|  |  | Folio #: 344  |                                       |  |
| DF LEGAL DESCR<br>Baltimore<br>County Courts Bui |  |   |                                       |  |
| Baltimore<br>County Courts Bui                   |  |   |                                       |  |
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\_\_EXCELLENT

X\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

CONDITION

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_RUINS

\_\_UNEXPOSED

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_UNALTERED

**CHECK ONE** 

X\_ORIGINAL SITE

DATE\_\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

| SPECIFIC DAT   | ES  | BUILDER/ARCH   | HITECT  |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| 1500-1599<br>1600-1699<br>1700-1799<br>X1800-1899<br>1900- | AGRICULTURE X_ARCHITECTUREARTCOMMERCECOMMUNICATIONS | ECONOMICS  EDUCATION  ENGINEERING  EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT  INDUSTRY  INVENTION | LLAW LITERATURE  MILITARY  MUSIC  PHILOSOPHY  POLITICS/GOVERNMENT | SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER XTRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY) |
| PREHISTORIC —1400-1499                                     | ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC  —ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC        | REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH<br>—COMMUNITY PLANNING<br>—CONSERVATION                | HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW  LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE  LAW               | RELIGION  |

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Dawn F. Thomas and Robert W. Barnes; The Green Spring Valley, Its History and Heritage, 2 vols. (Baltimore, Maryland Historical Society, 1978)

|  | CONTINUE | ON | SEPARATE | SHEET | IF | NECESSARY |
|--|----------|----|----------|-------|----|-----------|
|--|----------|----|----------|-------|----|-----------|

### **10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY \_\_\_\_ 2.669 acres

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Northeast corner of Falls and Hillside Roads

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

### III FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

James T. Wollon, Jr., A.I.A./Dawn F. Thomas, Research Historian

DATE

1-25-80 Vallevs Planning Council TELEPHONE STREET & NUMBER 828-7807

212 Washington Avenue STATE

Maryland 21204 Towson

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

Maryland Historical Trust RETURN TO:

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

# 7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

**CHECK ONE** 

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNALTERED

0........

X\_GOOD —FAIR

\_\_RUINS
\_\_UNEXPOSED

X\_ALTERED

X\_ORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

BROOKLANDVILLE and STEVENSON STATIONS

Description

Two former railroad stations remain from the Green Spring branch of the Northern Central Railway. Both are built to the same basic plan, both are conceived in an assymetrical picturesque style, both date from ca. 1885-1900, both are similarly oriented to the tracks but each is slightly different in its detail.

The BROOKLANDVILLE STATION has stucco and half-timbered walls above a brick foundation which extends to the first storey windows. The STEVENSON STATION has weatherboarded first storey walls and shingled gables and dormers in the roof. Both stations have a covered platform along the former tracks. The platform and areas around the station are paved in brick with stone curbs, all original materials. The shelter extends a short distance up and down the line from the station structure, its roof an extension of the station's roof. Timber columns and diagonal braces support the shelter at BROOKLANDVILLE while cast iron with curving cast iron braces support the shelter at STEVENSON. A bay window approximately centered on the south or track side marks the office of the station master and ticket agent. The waiting room of each station is the southeast room, adjacent to the office; the stationmaster's dwelling was west of the office and above in the second storey.

Internally many original details remain and both structures have been successfully adapted into new uses, the BROOKLAND-VILLE STATION as a private dwelling, the STEVENSON STATION as a shop.

Immediately west of each station is an early railroad out-building. Both have board-and-batten walls; the Stevenson example has a gabled roof while the Brooklandville example has a very low-pitched hipped roof.

| 1500-1599<br>1600-1699<br>1700-1799<br>1800-1899<br>1900- | AGRICULTURE  ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS    | ECONOMICS  EDUCATION  ENGINEERING  EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT  INDUSTRY  INVENTION | LITERATURE  MILITARY  MUSIC  PHILOSOPHY  POLITICS/GOVERNMENT | SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER ATRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY) |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| PERIOD  PREHISTORIC  —1400-1499                           | ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC  ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC | REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH<br>—COMMUNITY PLANNING<br>—CONSERVATION                | HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW  LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW           | RELIGION  |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

#### Significance

These two structures are the only obvious vestages of an important part of Green Spring Valley -- the Green Spring Branch of the railroad. The track alignment is rapidly disappearing due to its disuse. These are excellent examples of late nineteenth century railroad design, a building type constantly threatened with destruction. These examples are successfully adapted to new uses.

In the nineteenth century, the railroad, more than any other single factor, exerted the greatest influence on the commercial and residential development of the Green Spring Valley. It not only spurred economic growth but introduced vacationers to the suitability of the Valley as a summer retreat. The importance of this passenger service to the railroad led to the construction of numerous depots or stations throughout the Green Spring Valley. Today only two remain—one of which is the former Brooklandville Railroad Station, now a private residence.

From 1835 to 1905. railroad passengers disembarked at the Brooklandville Tavern, a privately - owned inn and tavern situated at the corner of Falls and Hillside Poads. In 1905, the continuing upsurge in railroad travel prompted the Northern Central Railroad, owner of the Green Spring Branch, to acquire land to build a suitable station house. Consequently 2.50 acres were purchased from H. Carroll Brown for \$625.

A brick and stucco building was soon erected and was continously used until 1933. At that time railroad travel was sharply declining, no doubt strongly affected by the depression, and the company was forced to discontinue running trains through the Valley.

Four years later the Northern Central deeded the land and the buildings to Mrs. Summer Parker, reserving the rights of the freight station and the carload delivery siding. Mrs. Parker owned an adjoining estate, "The Cloisters", today a Baltimore City - owned museum and park. She remodeled the station house into a comfortable residence for her daughter Kitty and her husband Willard Rouse.

Throughout the 1940s and 1950s, the railroad made occasional use of the Green Spring Branch, especially during World War II. All service was officially terminated on 15 December 1959 and the rails were gradually removed. This accounts for a 1968 deed from the Northern Central to Mrs. Parker transferring to her 0.67 acres for \$1.00. This was the portion of land containing the freight station and car siding which the railroad had reserved for itself in the 1937 deed and obviously no longer needed.

In 1972 the trustees of Mrs. Parker's estate sold the old station house and 2.669 acres to John A. Hatfield, present owner of the former Brooklandville Tavern, now known as the Valley Inn. This inn is an historic building already listed on the Maryland Historic Trust and National Register. The Brooklandville Railroad Station today is Mr. Hatfield's private residence.

#### BROOKLANDVILLE RAILROAD STATION

#### FOOTNOTES

Baltimore County Land Records (BCLR), Liber 283, fol. 566, Towson Court House, Towson, Maryland.

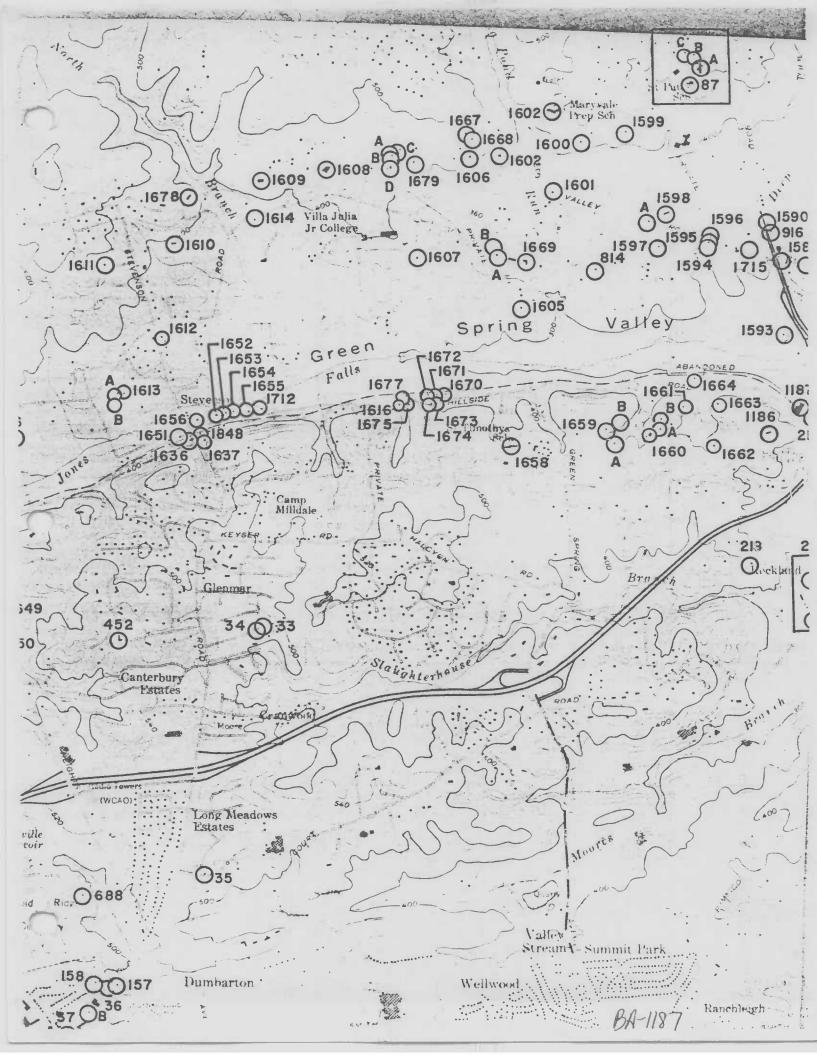
\*Martin K. Van Horn, "The Green Spring Branch-Site of the Lake Roland Electric Railway," (30 October 1962), pp. 2-3, from the files of the <u>Baltimore American</u> library.

3BCLR, Liber 1021, fol. 199, Towson.

₩See note 2.

**\$**See note 3.

6 Ibid, BCLR, Liber 5596/ fol. 344.





(100 km/b) BA 1187 Brooklandwood Sta. GSVHD Falls Rd. JIW 1-3-80 from SE